

GOVERNOR GLENN AFTER LYNCHERS

Making a Personal Investigation
of the Lynching of J. V. Robinson at Wadesboro.

SUBPOENAS FOR TWENTY-TWO

Witnesses Examined Behind
Closed Doors—Governor
Will Prosecute.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
CHARLOTTE, N. C., May 30.—For the first time in the history of North Carolina its Governor is personally investigating a lynching. This morning Governor Glenn joined Solicitor L. D. Robinson and Superior Court Judge Walter H. Neal at Wadesboro, where on Monday morning John V. Robinson, white, was lynched by a mob of white men for the murder of his brother-in-law, and is personally conducting an investigation of the affair.

The solicitor issued subpoenas for twenty-two persons, and the entire afternoon was consumed in their examination behind closed doors. It is said to be certain that many, if not all, of the members of the mob will be arrested and prosecuted.

Witnesses examined of them were recognized the morning of the lynching by the sheriff and members of his family, and their conviction, it is thought, will not be difficult.

Governor Glenn has announced his intention of prosecuting them to the full extent of the law. The warrants will probably be issued to-morrow, and until they are served those in authority will say nothing.

Herbert E. Lumley, the young drug clerk of Durham, who was lynched at Wadesboro, died at the Raleigh Hotel yesterday with suicidal intent, died at a late hour last night, and the remains were carried to Durham this afternoon for interment. He never regained consciousness after he was found in his room.

The Governor announces the appointment of delegates to the part of North Carolina to the Cotton Men's convention, to be held at Monte Ne, Ark., June 20th and 21st. They are S. B. Tanner, of Hendersonville; C. B. Bryant, C. C. Moore, D. A. Tompkins and R. W. Miller, Jr., of Charlotte, and J. P. Allison, of Concord.

DAVIDSON COLLEGE.

Confers Honorary Degrees on
Distinguished Graduates.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
CHARLOTTE, N. C., May 30.—The auditorium at Davidson College was crowded to its capacity to-day to witness the commencement exercises of the college. This morning the degree of LL. D. was conferred by the college upon Rev. Dr. Daniel McKelvey, missionary to Spain, and Judge William A. Hoke.

Rev. George H. Cornelison, Jr., of Concord, the newly elected secretary of Church and Christian Education, of the college created by the General Assembly at Greenville, W. L. Lingle, of Rock Hill, S. C., and C. M. Richards, of Statesville, received the degree of D. D. These are some of the most prominent young men ever graduated at Davidson.

Thirty-five graduates received the degree of A. B. and B. S. and three A. M. degrees have been conferred, these going to J. S. Guy, of Lowville, S. C.; Robert H. Lafferty, M. D., of Davidson, N. C., and James Wilson McConnell, of McConellsville, S. C.

CONVICTS ESCAPE.

Five Shackled Prisoners Over-
come Guard and Disarm Him.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
SALISBURY, N. C., May 30.—Bunk Plyter, a guard on the State prison at Salisbury, was overpowered by a squad of five convicts and his shotgun and pistol were taken from him. The convicts, after overcoming Mr. Plyter, took to their heels, and had not been taken when a messenger brought word of their escape to the county officials.

Chairman Bernhardt immediately offered a reward of \$10 each for the capture of the men, all of whom are negroes. They are Andy Young, John Randle, Will Byers, Will Hardy and Henry Murphy. Mr. Plyter was working the men at a rock quarry, a mile away from the main force, four miles from Salisbury, when the prisoners suddenly attacked him.

Although they were shackled, he could not overcome them, and after throwing

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via Norfolk and Western R'y
ROUND TRIP ONLY

**\$1.25 to NORFOLK and
OCEAN VIEW**

\$1.50 to VIRGINIA BEACH.

Round trip tickets at the above low rates will be sold from Richmond for fast train leaving Byrd Street Station 7:30 A. M. and leaving Norfolk returning 7:15 P. M. every Sunday. This is the only sailing line between Richmond and Norfolk. No change of cars.

SATURDAY RATES TO OLD POINT,

VIA C. & O. RAILWAY.

INCLUDING ACCOMMODATIONS
CHAMBERLIN HOTEL.

\$5.50—good until Sunday afternoon, including dinner and lodging Saturday, breakfast and luncheon Sunday.

\$7.75—good until Monday, with hotel accommodations to breakfast Monday morning.

Tickets sold for C. & O. fast train leaving Richmond 4:00 P. M. Saturdays, commencing June 2d, and continuing until end of September.

C. & O. RESORTS.

MOUNTAINS AND THE SEASHORE.

Summer excursion tickets on sale, commencing June 1st. Week-end tickets every Saturday, good until the Monday following, at low rates.

\$16.75, LOUISVILLE & RETURN, \$16.75.

VIA CHESAPEAKE & OHIO RY.

HOME-COMING WEEK FOR KENTUCKIANS.

Tickets sold June 10th, 11th and 12th, limit June 23d; extension by deposit arranged for July 23d. Slide trip excursion ticket from Louisville to all Kentucky points at half rate.

LOW WEEK-END RATES, R. F. & P.

Commencing June 2d, the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad will sell on Saturdays only, during the summer months, round trip week-end tickets from Richmond to Quantico and intermediate points at low rates.

Good returning until Monday following date of sale, inclusive. Tickets on sale at Byrd Street, Elba and Main Street Stations.

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Traffic Manager.

The Sweet-Toned Piano, The Celebrated Stieff.

A tone as delicate, as musical as rippling water, with cases of such graceful beauty that they have served as models for many other makers.

In the sale of used Pianos we have one \$400 Rosewood Upright for only

\$169

Full size 7-8 octaves. Every part in good condition.

Terms, \$5 Per Month.

STIEFF'S

307 East Broad St.

L. B. SLAUGHTER, Mgr.

him to the ground, they took his gun and pistol, but did not further abuse him. The men all wore stripes and chains, and unless they have confederates outside the camp will in all likelihood be retaken.

likely to hang.

Young Negro Under Arrest for the Usual Crime.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

SALISBURY, N. C., May 30.—Jim Hart, a young Irish country negro, who has been living near Mooresville, was arrested in Salisbury this morning on the serious charge of criminal assault, and if his story, as he told it to the officer who took him to jail stands, his life will pay the penalty. Last week a mere child, colored girl was assaulted at her home near Mooresville, and Hart was charged with commission of the crime immediately disappeared. Despite the girl's critical condition, she made an intelligent statement and accused Hart. This morning two negro kinsmen of the child saw the fugitive mingling with the crowd and immediately laid hands upon him. He resisted violently and his captors called an officer who placed him in jail. Hart did not make denial of the charge. He will be hanged.

FIGHT TUBERCULOSIS.

North Carolina Doctors Organize Society for Prevention.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

CHARLOTTE, N. C., May 30.—Following the joint meeting of the North Carolina State Board of Health and the State Medical Society this evening many of the delegates to the two organizations held a special meeting and organized the North Carolina Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

The prime object of the organization is to fight the spread of the great white plague, to study disease in all its forms and to disseminate freely and publicly all the knowledge thus gained for the benefit of suffering humanity.

Dr. M. L. Stevens, of Asheville, was elected president and Dr. B. K. Hayes, of Oxford, secretary. Some of the most prominent physicians in the State are allied with this organization, which is to be purely a labor of love.

The meetings will be held annually in connection with the State Medical Board.

ROW AT CEMETERY.

One Negro Shoots Another and Creates Excitement.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

WILMINGTON, N. C., May 30.—In the midst of Memorial Day celebration the National Cemetery here came near being the scene of a tragedy this afternoon. As has been the case, the negroes alone observed the occasion in this city. Fully a thousand, with drums beating, marched to the cemetery. There fully another thousands were gathered. During the procession a negro, named George, became involved in a dispute and one drew a pistol and seriously wounded the other. The assailant made his escape, although the exercises were abruptly ended and men, women and children chased after him.

The excitement was intense.

KOBRE TRIAL.

The Evidence Strongly in Favor of Accused.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

WINSTON-SALEM, N. C., May 30.—In the Superior Court to-day J. E. Whitbeck, Sam Kobre and William Pleas, on trial for the murder and robbery of Henry Kobre, were among the witnesses examined. Their deposition on the witness stand was commendable and made a fine impression upon the large number of people who are attending the trial. The opinion is freely expressed to-night that the defendants will be acquitted.

Predictions are being made that Judge Peebles, after hearing all of the evidence, will not permit the case to go to the jury.

Blue Ridge Tin Company.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

LEESBURG, VA., May 30.—Captain J. W. Fisher, president of the Virginia Soapstone Company, at Schuyler, Nelson county, Va., and a former attorney of Leesburg, has, in conjunction with capitalists of Leesburg and Lynchburg, Va., organized the Blue Ridge Tin Company, at King's Mountain, N. C. The capital stock of the company is \$500,000. The mine from analysis produces tin ore of greater per cent. than that mined in Wales and Australia and is the only one known in America.

The daily output is now quite large and finds a ready market.

Allen-Dean.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

BRIISTOL, VA., May 30.—Walter E. Allen, general traffic manager of the Virginia and South Western Railway, and a young man of deserved popularity, wedded Miss Beulah Dean, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Dean, of Kaufman, Texas, to-night. This marriage was solemnized in the First Baptist Church of Kaufman, the pastor officiating.

Died from Her Burns.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

NORFOLK, Va. being 30.—Mrs. Virginia Frances Woyntz, of Portsmouth, who was severely burned by the explosion of a lamp in her room last Monday night, died this afternoon from the effects of her burns. She was seventy-five years of age. She was the widow of Edward Woyntz, and is survived by three children.

PACKERS AT WAR ON CATTLE MEN

Inducing Them to Send in Messages Protesting Against Imposing the Inspection Tax.

THE REAL OBJECT DISGUISED

Designed to Throw Cost Upon Government and Thus Make Inspection Less Effective.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 30.—The expected has occurred and telegrams are coming into members of Congress and senators from the Western States, signed by cattle-raisers, urging them to vote against the Beveridge amendment to the agricultural bill, in so far as it puts the cost of meat inspection upon the packers. It is said that a number of such telegrams have been received to-day.

Their coming has been discounted. It was expected that the packers would put the screws down and compel the firing line of such telegrams from the stockmen.

As a matter of fact, members and senators will not pay a great deal of attention to these messages, which, while genuine in one sense of the word, have been forced by the packers to send.

The President wants inspection of domestic meats, and the Senate and House want it. The efforts of the packers to force Congress to have the cost of inspection borne by the general government, instead of by the packing companies, is thoroughly understood, although the inspection be borne by the government, the packers believe that if the expense of the inspection be borne by the government, provision for which is to be made by a straight appropriation, it will be easily possible to keep this appropriation down, low that it will be impossible to employ under it a sufficient number of inspectors to do the work. In this way, methods in vogue at the packing houses may be continued with impunity.

Threat of the Packers.

It is said the actual cost of making the most thorough inspection of a carcass will not exceed six cents, eight cents at the furthest, yet the packers say openly that if they are made to bear the cost of inspection they will increase the price of meats to consumers.

Of course, this increase will aggregate far more than a few cents on each carcass.

Therefore, while the chances are overwhelmingly in favor of an increase of the price of meats if the packers are made to bear the cost of inspection, it appears to be the belief of the majority of senators and members that the packers of the meat should be charged a fixed sum for the inspection of the carcass of each animal slaughtered, which shall be paid into the treasury of the general government and be covered into a fund to be expended in paying the salaries of inspectors. So that the packers will in reality be bearing the cost of inspection, it will be by indirect means.

The expected call for a meeting of the House Committee on Agriculture to consider the amendment to the agricultural bill was not issued to-day.

A member of the committee said he thought they would get together this week and consider the amendment, and that if the packers desired to be heard, their request would undoubtedly be granted.

Want the Information.

There is a most prevalent desire that the President submit to Congress all the information in his possession concerning the "Horrors" of the meat packing industry. This sentiment is quite general among Republicans and Democrats.

It is recognized that the President may have good reasons for refusal to divulge all the information obtained for him by the men whom he delegated to make the investigation, but at the same time it is contended that the President has such information as a big stick, and to expect Congress to take action solely upon his word, without putting the legislative body in possession of the information which he has obtained.

While enough of the facts are wanted, Senator Beveridge said this afternoon that his sole object in proposing the amendment, was to secure for the people of this country just as good meat as is sent to Europe, the result of our own inspection. He said he did not care to discuss details of conditions in the packing houses and furthermore said he did not wish to punish the packers for any past offenses.

A member of Congress said to-day he thought Congress should make some effort to prevent the sale of meat already inspected. He did not believe that Congress could control that already on the shelves of the grocery stores, but he believed some action could be taken which would call attention of municipal and State authorities to the dangers now certainly known to be hidden in every meat market. It is difficult to see what action of this character could be taken.

MEMBERS HUNGRY; CONFERENCE ENDS

None of the Amendments Passed Upon—Interstate Commerce Officials in Conference.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 30.—"You are bound to stand by the Senate amendments," said Chairman Hepburn, of the House Committee on Interstate Commerce, to Chairman Elkins, of the Senate Committee, at the conference called upon the anti-trust amendment and law passed to get some action in the way of perfecting it. Under the rule of conferences, the House will have to suggest the alterations in amendments made by the Senate. All of this discussion was in the way of a charade, as Senator Elkins remarked, the House conferees are disposed to hold up the Senate's "various pieces of monumental folly" as long as possible. "Any way," said Senator Elkins, in return to good-natured gibes, "if the House had passed a good bill, the Senate would not have been led into these follies." He referred to what he termed the inconsistency between the pipe line and the coal amendments, as well as what has become known as the "pass monstrosity."

Chairman Knapp and Assistant Secretary Decker, of the Interstate Commerce Commission, were before the conferees, explaining the various amendments made at the request of the commission, relating to the administration of the bill. None of the amendments affect the workings of the proposed law. No action

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Does more than remove blemishes. It heals all facial eruptions and makes a soft, smooth, healthy skin. Valuable after shaving.

The whitest, finest Italian talc only, combined with healing bismuth.

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Special Offer.—Send us your druggist's name and address with your own, and we will send you a card copy of the first five minutes of the top box of Bismoline. Money back if not satisfied.

A. A. LeFevre, Mfg. Chem., Lancaster, Pa.

Sold in Richmond by Polk Miller Drug Co., Polk Miller-Childrey Co., John P. Baker, W. C. W. Hageman, Thos. N. Curd, H. G. Forstmann.

was had on a single amendment. The conference adjourned at 2:55 o'clock for reason that the Senate also was closed on account of the legal holiday, and the conferees were hungry. The next session will be held at 10 o'clock to-morrow.

Railway Postal Clerks' Convention.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 30.—The annual convention of the third division, Railway Postal Association, the election of division officers, and the holding of the national convention, to be held in Chicago, Ill., on October 2, 1906, will be held in Washington, D. C., on June 23, 1906. Mr. W. L. Kilbourne, who organized the third division "Immediate Relief Association," which pays the beneficiary \$100 at once, and who, as a delegate to the Cincinnati (Ohio) convention last year, introduced the resolution asking the department for thirty days' sick leave (which was granted), who has been elected vice-president of the division constitution, is leading the opposition to the present administration. His ticket is L. Kilbourne for president; W. J. Harrison for vice-president; A. E. Pierce for secretary; T. M. Dunbar and L. W. Kasehagan for delegates. They have a strong platform.

DOCTORS IN SESSION.

Elect Officers and Select Next Place of Meeting.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

CHARLOTTE, N. C., May 30.—At the second day's session of the North Carolina Medical Society to-day the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Dr. J. D. Bost, of Oxford; first vice-president, Dr. C. L. Strong, of Charlotte; second vice-president, Dr. J. B. McLaughlin, of Statesville; third vice-president, Dr. W. F. Hargrove, of Kingsport; secretary, Dr. D. A. Slamm, of High Point; treasurer, Dr. H. McKee T. Moorehead, of Raleigh.

Morehead City was chosen as the place for the next annual meeting, and the movement to have the time changed from spring to fall was defeated.

Of the most interesting papers read, and a great mass of routine business disposed of, and this afternoon and evening the State Medical Society and State Board of Health held a great meeting, at which the committee on the health of the Commonwealth were discussed freely.

The most important action taken was the adoption of a resolution fixing the charge for insurance examinations at \$5. The action was unanimously adopted.

The action was unanimously adopted, and the meeting adjourned to to-morrow morning and adjourn to to-morrow night.

STRANGE OCCURRENCE IN FRONT OF THE HOLLAND HOUSE.

New York, May 30, 1906.

A singular scene occurred just outside the Holland House yesterday afternoon. It was at a time when Fifth Avenue was thronged with the usual parade of fashion and beauty. An old man, clad in tattered garments, and tenderly carrying a battered violin, hobbled down the avenue, picking his feeble way with difficulty amid the well dressed throng.

Arriving in front of the Holland House he halted, and putting his violin in position, drew his bow across the strings. But his hands were palsied, and he could scarcely draw melody from the instrument. A few passers-by glanced pityingly at the forlorn figure, but none stopped to listen or gave him a penny.

Suddenly out of the crowd stepped a man, young, good-looking and in faultless afternoon attire. Approaching the cripple he gently took the violin from the latter's trembling grasp.

He stood for a moment, observing the act, paused out of curiosity. But the stranger's next move brought hundreds of others to a standstill. Placing the violin under his chin, he proceeded, with the sure touch of an artist, to play an accompaniment, to which he began to sing.

Such singing has never, save in grand opera, been heard in New York. Although it was a simple song of praise to the Lord, it was sung with such a wealth of harmonies and a big polka man burst out. But seeing at a glance the nature of the scene, he forbore to interfere, although the size of the crowd caused a serious block to traffic.

The song at an end, the unknown took the cripple's old hat, tossed a crisp yellow-backed bill into it, and then passed it around the corner.

He was returned to the poor musician, full to the brim with silver and bills. The unknown singer, leaving the cripple weeping with joy at his miraculous good fortune, disappeared.

No one present knew the mysterious stranger. He had the voice of a grand opera singer and the manner of a man about town. As he vanished at once, the affair could not have been an advertisement.

A mystery underlies the strange performance, and this mystery is cleverly dealt with in "The Man Between," Amelia E. Barr's masterpiece, which this paper is to publish in serial form, beginning Sunday, June 3d.

"The Man Between" is admittedly Mrs. Barr's greatest novel. It is second in order of the great \$100,000 series of twelve novels by famous Anglo-Saxon authors, which this paper is publishing serially, one a month, prior to their appearance in book form. By subscribing for one year, readers can obtain, without extra cost, this great set of the best modern works of fiction by the foremost living writers.

Order in advance, unless you are a regular subscriber, or you may find every copy sold.

BUILT WITHOUT REGARD FOR LAW

House Committee on Appropriations So Feels As to Agricultural Building.

WINGS EXHAUST THE FUND

Congress Must Make Provision for the Main Structure Hereafter.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 30.—What members of the House Committee on Appropriations regard as an absolute disregard of the law authorizing the construction of the new building for the Department of Agriculture is revealed in the hearing before that committee on the sundry civil appropriation bill. In 1903 Congress appropriated \$1,500,000 for this building. It was the general understanding that this amount was for the erection of a complete building for the accommodation of the entire department.

It was with some astonishment that members learned last week that "somebody" had ordered the construction of two wings of what may be some day a completed building, and that the two wings have practically exhausted the million and a half dollars appropriated for a complete structure.

Moreover, their astonishment was not lessened when they were informed that the two wings when completed will not begin to accommodate the force of the department, and Congress will be called upon to appropriate another couple of millions to fill the space between the two wings.

Surprised and Irritated.

Considerable irritation was developed during the hearings before the Appropriations Committee, and Secretary Wilson, Dr. Galloway and other officials of the Agricultural Department were questioned concerning what is said to be a direct violation of law.

When F. S. Gardner, mechanical engineer of the Department of Agriculture, testified before the Appropriations Committee, he was asked if he knew the limit of cost of the entire building, and replied that he did—that it was \$1,500,000.

Mr. Gardner, continuing his statement, said that the central administration building was not included in the limit of cost, that it was not even contemplated as yet, and that it would have to be appropriated for at some future time.

In reply to a question from Mr. Tawney as to why the department did not construct the building within the limit of cost, he said that the department would accommodate the department with all its various branches as prescribed by Congress, Mr. Gardner answered that "they constructed within the limit of cost exactly what they needed for the present work, and when their future work comes up, they will have to put up other buildings."

Retain Present Building.

It developed further from Mr. Gardner's testimony that the administrative work of the department would continue to be carried on in the present building, and that Congress provided that it should be torn down. Further than that, Mr. Gardner said that the two wings in question were being constructed "for laboratory purposes."

"Do you know," asked Mr. Tawney, "who is responsible for the plan of the building that is now being erected, that was authorized, accepted and approved?"

"The Secretary of Agriculture," replied Mr. Gardner.

Mr. Gardner then testified that \$37,000 worth of useless work had been done in order that the site for the building might be moved forty feet.

"On whose recommendation was the change made?" asked Mr. Tawney.

"There was a meeting at the White House, and it was decided by the secretary and the President that the building should be moved, and also a representative of the Park Commission," replied Mr. Gardner.

Planned for the Amount.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson was questioned at some length before the committee and made a long prepared statement in defense of the present construction.

"How can you justify your position," asked Chairman Tawney, "when you made your plan, if you became satisfied that \$1,500,000 was not enough, I should think you would have informed Congress before going on with the plan you adopted."

"You have a wrong idea in your mind there," said Mr. Wilson. "We built a plan to exhaust \$1,500,000. We built in such a way that Congress might add to it, and we made no plans but for our building."

Dr. Galloway and Mr. Wilson, contradicting the testimony of Mr. Gardner, who had preceded them, insisted that the wings would accommodate the administrative force, but both admitted that they did not contemplate tearing down the present administrative building as directed by Congress.

Members of the committee assured Mr. Wilson that they did not suspect his integrity or take issue with his wisdom at this time, but they did not think he had authority in law for what he had done.

The Secretary tartly replied: "You make a law without consulting a soul in the Agricultural Department with regard to its necessities. The man who drafted the law came pretty near the needs, and I made the most of it."

Lady's Bad Fall.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

SALISBURY, N. C., May 30.—Mrs. M. L. Harrison, seventy-four years old, fell down a flight of stairs at her home here last night and received injuries which